

Semi-Weekly South Kentuckian.

VOLUME VII.

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KIDNEY AND LIVER
TROUBLES
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS
The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed Red
Lines on wrapper.
TAKE NO OTHER.

Men Think

they know all about Mustang Liniment. Few do. Not to know is not to have.

Many a Lady

is beautiful, all but her skin; and nobody has ever told her how easy it is to put beauty on the skin. Beauty on the skin is Magnolia Balm.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. J. M. RAMSEY,
Office—Ground floor, next door to Hopkins
Livery Stable.

SOUTH MAIN STREET.
Leave Orders at Stable.
IN OFFICE DAY AND NIGHT.
Jan. 18-19.

ALBERT B. TAVEL
HAS NOW IN STORE A VERY LARGE
STOCK OF

BLANK BOOKS,
Invoice and Letter Books, Letter Presses,
Gold and Steel Pens, and
STATIONERY GENERALLY.
All of which will be sold at Moderate Prices
at 140 Union Street,
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Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.
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HOPKINSVILLE, KY.
(17 Jan 1-85)

Edward Laurent.
ARCHITECT,
No. 22 PUBLIC SQUARE,
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ARTIFICIAL TEETH
Inserted in Fifteen minutes after nat-
ural ones are extracted, by
R. R. BOURNE,
DENTIST.
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.
Dec. 2, 1884

Campbell & Medley
DENTISTS.

Over Jones & Co's, Store.
Main St. Hopkinsville Ky.
Jan. 3-65-17

COOK & RICE,
PREMIUM LAGER BEER
CITY BREWERY.
EVANSVILLE, INDIANA.
No. 214, upper Seventh St.
Sep. 30-17.

GRAY & YOUNG'S
Shaving Bazar
IS ON MAIN STREET, OVER
LANG BELL'S SALOON.

They would be pleased to wait on
all who may call on them.

The Young Widow.

[New York World.]
She is modest, but not bashful—
Free and easy, but not bold;
Like an apple, ripe and mellow—
Not too young and not too old;
Half inviting, half repulsive,
Now advancing and now shy—
There is mischief in her dimple,
There is danger in her eye.
She has studied human nature;
She is schooled in all her arts;
She has taken her diploma
As mistress of all hearts.
She can tell the very moment
When to sigh and then to smile;
Or a snail is sometimes charming,
But a widow all the while.
Are you sad? How very serious
Will her handsome face become!
Are you angry? She is so quick,
Quickly, she is so quick!
Lonely, friendless, fearful, dumb!
Are you mirthful? How her laughter,
Silver sounding, will ring out!
She can lure, and catch and play you,
As the angler does the trout.

Ye old bachelors of forty,
Who have grown so bold and wise—
Young Amazons of twenty,
While the love looks in your eyes—
You may practice all the lessons
Taught by Cupid since the fall,
But I know a little widow
Who could win and fool you all.

A Note of Warning to Suffering Humanity.

We feel that we would be wanting in the duty we owe to suffering humanity if we did not sound a note of warning in regard to the use of Mercury and other poisonous minerals in the treatment of Blood and Skin Diseases. If the reader could see the horrible suffering, the awful wrecks of human health and happiness, shown by our correspondence with those who have been dosed with those mineral poisons, he would shudder with horror. Arsenic, Mercury, Antimony, and Iodine of Potassium are some of the remedies most ordinarily used for these diseases, and they are all POISON. Do not take these poisons. They might dry up your d sense for a few days, and with it you will have Mercurial Rheumatism, which may bring you years of torture. The Mercury seems to sink into the bones and the Potash drives the Poison into the system, only to hark there and attack the tender organs of the body, as the lungs, the throat, the nasal organs and stomach. Hundreds of people have been made deaf, and a great many blind, by the use of Mercury and Potash. Beware of Mercury and Potash Mixtures gotten up in imitation of our Specific. A few grains of sugar of lead dropped into a glass of these imitations will cause the poisonous drugs to fall to the bottom, and shows the danger of using them. Swift's Specific is entirely vegetable, and is the best tonic for delicate ladies and children and old people in the world. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. The Swift Specific Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta Ga.

The Quarrelsome Neighbors.

The five little republics of Central America which are involved in the present complication on that part of the continent contain the following number of square miles and population, each:

	Square Miles.	Population.
Guatemala.....	41,830	1,275,315
Honduras.....	29,640	323,640
Costa Rica.....	26,040	190,000
San Salvador.....	7,225	334,785
Nicaragua.....	28,360	250,000

It will be seen that Guatemala has a population about as large as all these other nationalities combined. The President of the republic, who has assumed the dictatorship of the entire country, is General Rufino Barrios. He is a statesman of much ability and energy, is a good soldier, and a man of aggressive and violent temper. His army consists of only 2,180 regulars, but he has under his command 33,000 militia, and could probably raise a force of 40,000 or 50,000 tolerably well armed and equipped troops. Honduras, which submitted to the decree of General Barrios, is a helpless little power. The "Year Book" for 1881 contains no statement as to the number of its army. Don Marco Aurelio Soto is its President, and he appears to be under the absolute control of his more powerful neighbor. These two nations as allies could certainly counter the balance of Central America, if it should be unassisted by a stronger foreign power.

Marriage Promises in England.

[London Letter.]
Courtships in England are short and engagements are long. No sooner is it understood that a young man and woman are in love than it is given out that they are engaged. The American customs of leaving young men and women free to associate together and keep company with each other for an indefinite length of time without declaring their intentions is almost unknown to any country of Europe. It is not long after a young man begins to show the daughter attentions before the father gives intimation that he wishes to know what it means, and either the youth declares his intentions or is notified to "cut sticks." Whatever the advantages of the English view of this matter may have, it has, at least, one most obvious disadvantage, and that is it leads to engagements upon too short an acquaintance, and it makes of the engagement the courtship time rather than as a mere preparation for marriage. When once engaged the young people are thrown together in the freest fashion and may be left to themselves at all times and in all places almost as though they were man and wife. In the general society of America marriage is deemed the vitally important event in life, but in English society the engagement is looked upon as the most important, and really is a sort of first stage in matrimony, or the personal uniting of the lives only awaiting the legal ceremony.

They are Not Sorry.

There is one thing nobody ever regrets—that is, the day they first adopted Parker's Tonic as their regular family medicine. Its range is so wide, and its good effects so sure, that nothing else, except good nursing, are needed in a great majority of cases. Buy it, try it, and afterwards it will not require and praise from us.



THE DYING HERO.

Ulysses Simpson Grant, Victorious General and Ex-President of the United States.

At any moment may arrive the news that the sufferings of Ulysses Simpson Grant, whom Americans of every political party know as a great and good man, are over. Intelligence from the sick man's room is eagerly sought everywhere in the United States, and the deepest sympathy is felt universally for the dying General, who bears up under the greatest physical distress with the courage which is worthy of the heroic soldier, and with the regard for others' comfort that shows impressively lowly and noble he is. The spectacle of a nation sorrowing around the death-bed of an illustrious man, seen when President Garfield lay wounded, the but of Garfield, is repeated now that General Grant is dying. Sad as it is, it is a scene which does honor to human nature.

Ulysses Simpson Grant was born at Point Pleasant, Illinois, April 27, 1822. He was a cadet at West Point, where he was graduated in the year 1843. His first military services were in Mexico under General Taylor and General Scott. He afterwards did duty in Oregon. In 1853 he was promoted to be a Captain. The next year he resigned his commission, and took a farm in the neighborhood of St. Louis. In 1859 he removed to Galena, Illinois, where he was a leather merchant.

His services during the civil war made a great part of the history of the period. He began as Aide-de-Camp to the Governor of Illinois. He was afterward, in the same year, chosen Colonel of the Twenty-first Illinois Volunteers. In July, 1861, he was commissioned a Brigadier-General. Assuming command at Cairo, he took possession of Paducah, the result of which was that Kentucky was secured. In January, 1862, Grant was victorious at Belmont, and by about the middle of February, he had captured Fort Henry and Fort Donelson. These important successes he was appointed Commander of the district of West Tennessee, and as such won the great battle of Shiloh. General Grant was second in command to General Halleck at the siege of Corinth. When Halleck had been ordered to Washington, he was appointed to the command of the Army of the Tennessee. On July 4, 1863, he took Vicksburg. In November of the same year he gained the battle of Chattanooga. He was made Commander-in-Chief of the Union forces in March, 1864, with the rank of Lieutenant-General. The Army of the East was then reorganized by him, with the arrangement that General Sherman should operate against Georgia, and the command of the Army of the Tennessee, which was virtually the Army of the Union, as the Confederate armies in North Carolina, Alabama and Texas surrendered soon after. In July, 1865, the illustrious soldier was commissioned as General of the Army, by Act of Congress. At the close of the Forty-eighth Congress he was again invested with the title of "General," which civil honors had obliged him to resign, for the annual allowance of \$13,500 from the Public Treasury, for his support. Grant's services as Secretary of War ad interim were succeeded by his first election as President, in November, 1868. He was elected to serve a second term, in November, 1872. In June, 1880, as everybody remembers, he was very near being nominated for a third term.

After vacating the Presidential office Mr. Grant made a tour of the world. He was treated everywhere with the greatest distinction. The story of his business troubles, as a partner with Ferdinand Ward, is fresh in the public recollection. He was rescued from absolute financial ruin, by the action of Congress, supported by public opinion. The General has lived in New York since his return from his travels.

A Warning to Kentucky.

Chicago News on Buck.
Buck wanted the Peruvian mission and came here to get it. He was not acquainted with a single member of his delegation. Even the Congressman from his own district did not know him. However, they all signed his petition in order to get rid of him and then laughed in their sleeves at his temerity in expecting anything when so many of their prominent politicians were looking for places themselves. Buck called at the White House one day and modestly presented his papers. One day the President inquired who Mr. Buck was. "We don't know," several of them replied. He's some crank we never heard of before."

"But you signed his papers," said the President dryly.
"We only did that as a courtesy," they responded. "We never expected you to pay any attention to him." The President said nothing and his visitors withdrew. They are recalling that conversation and wondering if the President's nomination of the obscure countryman was not intended as a stern rebuke to them for ennobling a man to apply for office which they never hoped or expected he could secure.

KENTUCKY'S RESOURCES.

Synopsis of Hon. Bennett H. Young's Address at Richmond on the 24th ult.

[Courier-Journal Correspondence.]

First—Her climate is the most salubrious, possessing all the elements of a healthy and hardy manhood. Situated in the heart of the country, half way between the North and the South, her climate is neither too hot nor too cold. Her rainfall is 50 inches per annum; in the northwest, which many Kentuckians emigrate, the rainfall is only 33 inches, and in the matter of winds and storms, Kentucky would bear comparison equally as well.

Second—She has more miles of navigable rivers within and around her borders than any other State of equal size. These, if properly improved, would be great highways of internal commerce. While Ohio, Indiana, and Pennsylvania have very few navigable rivers, Kentucky has 2,700 miles.

Third—In the matter of coal, Kentucky stands pre-eminent by nature. She has 300 square miles more coal area than Great Britain. One third of the whole State is underlaid with coal, or 13,000 out of 40,000 square miles. Kentucky has one fifth of all the Appalachian coal district and one twelfth of all the Illinois belt, and yet out of the 100,000,000 tons of coal annually produced in the United States, Kentucky furnishes only 1,600,000 tons. England, with a district less in area and of inferior quality to that of Kentucky, produces annually 157,000,000 tons, worth \$300,000,000. These comparisons are said to be odious, they are often instructive. Illinois produces one tenth of all the coal mined in the United States, Pennsylvania produces six tenths, and ships much of it one thousand miles and further, to market while Kentucky furnishes only one fifth, having too, over 300 more square miles of coal land than Pennsylvania. Kentucky has five times the amount of coking coal that Pennsylvania has, yet it furnishes one tenth of the coal mined in Pennsylvania, not larger than a Blue grass county, 32,000 tons of anthracite coal is mined annually, which is worth \$200,000,000. To offset this, Kentucky has the finest canal and coal district in the world. In several counties in Eastern Kentucky, including Wolfe, Morgan and Breathitt, is the only place in America where canal coal can be successfully mined. Everywhere else it exists in scattered pockets, but here it lies in continuous veins seven feet thick, and of as fine a quality as the German coal. In petroleum, Kentucky has a finer district than Pennsylvania, yet the latter State produces every day 155,000 barrels, while the former produces only 7 barrels, and so indifferent are Kentuckians to the subject that 500,000 barrels were allowed to run off into Cumberland river and waste, without an effort being made to stop it. The cry is raised that it is for the lack of transportation, and yet in Pennsylvania oil is run for 700 miles through iron pipes to market, not waiting for railroads.

Fourthly—In iron, up to 1860 Kentucky held a prominent position, and even as late as 1862 she had sixty furnaces in full blast and furnished one-tenth of the iron of the nation. Now she has not a single furnace in operation, and yet the only two places in the world where coking coal and iron are found within two miles of each other are in Kentucky.

Fifthly—Kentucky has 90,000 acres of the finest white pine land in the world, and in hard wood timber she has about 500,000 acres over the State. Any quantity of land in Eastern Kentucky can be bought for one dollar per acre, when there are single trees on it worth ten times that cost. Two billion feet of lumber float annually down Kentucky river alone. The great trouble in developing all these natural resources is the lack of transportation, and this is owing mainly to the lethargy of her own citizens on this subject. They have millions annually in Western ranches and silver and gold mines, and leave unutilized the rich fields at home. Although the center of population in the United States is in Kentucky, yet her own population increases very slowly. Only 3,000 out of her 1,600,000 citizens are engaged in mining, making iron and getting lumber, and yet Kentucky has a nearer market for these products in the cities of Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis and other cities South and West than Pennsylvania, which now supplies them. The crying need is for Kentuckians themselves to put their hands to the plow-share. We have the brains and natural resources. The key-note should be to obtain the best possible results from what we have. Here should be the field for the young men of the State.

The Number of Words We Use.
A well-educated person, who possesses a college sheep-skin, reads his Bible, his Shakespeare and the daily papers, seldom uses more than 3,000 or 4,000 words in actual conversation. Accurate thinkers and close reasoners, who avoid vague and general expressions and wait till they find a word that exactly fits their meaning, employ a large stock, and eloquent speakers may rise to a command of 10,000. Shakespeare who displayed a greater variety of expression than probably any writer in any language, produced all his plays with about 15,000 words. Milton's works are built up with about 8,000 and the Old Testament says all that it has to say with 5,462 words. In the English language there are, all told, 70,000 words.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Attractive and Useful.

The Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md., the owners of the celebrated Brown's Iron Bitters, have just issued a beautiful Hand Book and Almanac for ladies, and a complete and useful Memorandum Book for men. These publications are attractive, containing a great many valuable and interesting things. They are furnished free of charge by druggists and country store keepers, but should they not have them the Brown Chemical Co., will send either book on receipt of a two cent stamp to pay postage.

President Cleveland Does Away With an Old Custom.

[Washington Star.]

It has always been the custom to summon attendants from one portion of the White House to another by the clapping of hands after the manner of the orientals. This was rendered necessary by the absence of the private part of the house with the offices. The custom has often led to confusion. President Arthur would stand in the middle of the blue room, and by clapping his hands he would summon attendants from every direction. It is understood that during the first visit of President Cleveland to the White House Mr. Arthur explained to him the custom referred to. While appreciating its oddity, the new President evidently thought it could be improved upon. Consequently workmen are engaged in putting a system of electric bells and annunciators throughout the building, and the hand clapping will soon be a thing of the past. It will be a good while before the older attendants can break themselves of the other habit and confine themselves to the bell ringing.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, had laid place in his hands by an East India Missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, he felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y. Dec. 12 1875.

An Indiana Ghost Story.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 23.—The people living in the neighborhood of Castleton, a small village thirteen miles from Indianapolis, are greatly excited over a most extraordinary ghost sensation, and several hundred persons from the surrounding country have been thronging about the haunted spot since last Friday. There is an old log house on the farm of a man named Mart Garrison, which was built half a century ago and has been uninhabited for several years. Last week Mr. Garrison began tearing the structure down, and in the process of demolition, he and his neighbors, and several hundred persons from the surrounding country have been thronging about the haunted spot since last Friday. There is an old log house on the farm of a man named Mart Garrison, which was built half a century ago and has been uninhabited for several years. Last week Mr. Garrison began tearing the structure down, and in the process of demolition, he and his neighbors, and several hundred persons from the surrounding country have been thronging about the haunted spot since last Friday. There is an old log house on the farm of a man named Mart Garrison, which was built half a century ago and has been uninhabited for several years. Last week Mr. Garrison began tearing the structure down, and in the process of demolition, he and his neighbors, and several hundred persons from the surrounding country have been thronging about the haunted spot since last Friday.

The Young Husband.

The robin nesteth again and he clotheth himself in sackcloth and ashes and runneth swiftly unto gates and knocketh, and telleth the doctor that the wife of his bosom travelleth much, and rusheth back again.
The old woman prophesieth a boy and he jumpeth up and down and cracketh his heels together with joy; the doctor speaketh words of wisdom and cautioneth him not to ratify before the returns are all in.
The night watcheth wearily on and the young man watcheth impatient, but the old lady speaketh words of cheer and prophesieth yet again, and he biddeth his time and awaiteth his reward. A cry smiteth his ear and the drum thereof, and he biddeth his lip and kicketh himself again as the old woman poketh her head in the door and bringeth tidings of two more girls.—Through Mail.

Weekly report of the Hopkinsville Tobacco Market, for the week ending April 8, 1885.
Receipts for week,..... 300 Hds.
Receipts for year,..... 4150 "
Sales for week,..... 300 "
Sales for year,..... 3113 "
D. P. SMITHSON.

The Hon. Walter Evans, late Commissioner of Internal Revenue, will resume the practice of law in this city. He reached home with his family night before last, and was busy yesterday circulating among his old friends. He comes back to the bar after a wide and beneficial enlargement of his experience and acquaintance and will be a welcome addition to our intellectual and business forces.—Commercial.

Mr. Robert C. Roach went up to Guthrie Thursday evening in quest of a beautiful Red-bird that had taken its flight towards Hopkinsville.—Clarksville Tobacco Leaf.

—The internal revenue collections in the Second Ky. district during the month of March were as follows: Lists, \$2,669 88; beer, \$222; tax-paid spirits, \$187,512 50; cigars, \$280 95; tobacco, \$6,350 80; special taxes \$255 14; total, \$197,340 14.—Owensboro Messenger.

THE TRIAL

—OF—

John T. Wright!

—THE—

MAIN STREET CLOTHIER.

A Separate Verdict From Each Juror:

1. I find that Jno. T. Wright's Clothing Store is the cheapest place in town.
2. I find that his Clothing is the best made.
3. I find that every customer is well treated.
4. I find that every one gets his money's worth there.
5. I find that all his goods are first-class.
6. I find that he has the best stock in town.
7. I find that his Clothing is of the most fashionable make.
8. I find that every one goes there for his Clothing.
9. I find that his prices are lowest.
10. I find that the quality of his goods is the best.
11. I find that his store is the most popular in town.
12. I agree with the other jurymen that "WRIGHT WRONGS NO ONE."

OPINION OF THE JUDGE:

In accordance with this verdict, I find JNO. T. WRIGHT

GUILTY
OF SELLING

Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Etc.,
CHEAPER

Than any other House in Hopkinsville, Ky.

And fix his punishment at confinement in his store-room, on the Corner of Main and Bridge Streets, Hopkinsville, Ky., where he shall continue to serve the public during the coming season. And it is further ordered that said John T. Wright shall receive within the next few days the largest stock of

Spring Goods, Clothing, FURNISHING GOODS

Ever brought to this city, and that he shall sell the same CHEAPER than they can be bought anywhere else in Hopkinsville. He will also take measures and

MAKE SUITS TO ORDER,

—Keeping a full line of—

Fine Samples Always on Hand.

[mar 20-19.]

—GO TO—

NO. 2 WITHERS BLOCK

AND YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE CHOICEST SELECTIONS OF

Staple and Fancy Groceries

—OFFERED FOR SALE BY—

CHARLES MCKEE & CO.,



who have by fair dealing and low prices and good goods built up a large trade. Free delivery, and goods delivered at any time. Call and examine our stock.

Jno. W. Breathitt, Jr.

HAS ALWAYS ON HAND A

First-Class Stock

—OF—

GROCERIES!

AND WILL SELL SO THAT ALL CAN LIVE.

Give Him a Trial!

AND YOU WILL BE PLEASED WITH HIS GOODS AND PRICES.

Corner Clay & Nashville Street.

J. K. GANT. NAT. GAITHER.
GANT & GAITHER,
PROPRIETORS PLANTERS WAREHOUSE.
TOBACCO AND WHEAT COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.
All Tobacco Insured Unless Otherwise Ordered.

SEMI-WEEKLY SOUTH KENTUCKIAN.

CHAS. M. MEACHAM - Editor.

UESDAY, April 14, 1885.

Ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen is reported dying.

Gen. Grant's condition is slightly improved since our last report.

Emmons Blaine, a son of the "Unplumed Knight," is to become a son-in-law of Joseph Medill, the editor of the Chicago Tribune.

New York State will purchase the lands around Niagara Falls and convert them into a park where the finest views of the falls can be had free of cost.

Mrs. Lucile Ysault Dudley, who shot and wounded O'Donovan Rossa in New York, is to be tried for lunacy. Proceedings against her are stayed in the meantime.

Mr. Smith has just been elected mayor of Cincinnati, defeating his Democratic opponent. Probably some of our readers have heard of him before.

The people of Union county should feel a just pride in the Union Semi-Weekly Local. It is a credit to its town and county. It is one of the most welcome visitors to this office.

Even the wicked city of Cincinnati has driven out the gamblers and closed their houses. All loafers are notified to leave the city under penalty of being arrested for vagrancy.

Postmaster General Vilas has directed that no more outlandish names shall hereafter be accepted for post-offices. Many of the names representing this species of American humor will be changed. This reform has already been inaugurated by changing the name of "Bazzard's Roost," in Georgia, to West Lake.

The President has appointed Robert B. Vance, of North Carolina, assistant commissioner of patents, vice R. G. Dryden, resigned, and W. E. McLean, of Terre Haute, Ind., first deputy commissioner of pensions, vice Calvin B. Walker, resigned, the latter appointment to take effect April 16th.

If England and Russia lock horns there will be one of the bloodiest wars of modern times, but the worst feature of the conflict will be the infliction upon the unoffending press of such Russian names as "Sneezyour-headoff," "Tearyourshirtoff," "Punchisnoski" and others equally as hard for the telegraph operators and proof-readers to handle.

To reduce the expenses of the inspection bureau of the postoffice department within the limits of the appropriation, the Postmaster General has requested the resignations of fourteen inspectors, including Fred. De Towner, of Tennessee; J. J. Hannan, of Ohio; Geo. Porter, of Illinois; W. W. Patterson, of Kentucky; T. R. McFerson and F. S. Bedell, of Indiana.

It is understood that Mr. Wallace Gruelle, the editor of the Breckenridge News, will have under United States Marshal Gross the first clerkship in his office with a salary of \$2,000. We congratulate our neighbor on his good fortune and it is not a bit better than he deserves. Gruelle for years has worked like a Trojan. Editor, printer, local reporter and business manager of the Breckenridge News on a meager salary the appointment will be to him a bonanza. Our only regret is that the Kentucky press will lose one of its most able and brilliant writers.—Elizabethtown News.

Colorado's exhibit at the New Orleans Exposition was completely destroyed before daylight one morning last week by an employe, State Commissioner D. G. Grimes. That gentleman, with money advanced by the Exposition managers and subscribed by private individuals, had put together one of the finest displays in the building a portion of which was a large painting representing the mount of Holy Cross. Mr. Grimes has been expecting that the Colorado Legislature would come to his assistance with an appropriation to reimburse him for his trouble and expense and add to the exhibits. When all hope from this quarter failed, he determined to destroy the display. With this object in view, he gained admittance to the building at night under pretext of making some improvements, and before morning had smashed the articles displayed in such a manner that they cannot be replaced.

Col. Starling, the factious editor of the Henderson Journal, analyzes one of our recent editorials an approaching spring, in the following withering style:

"Charlie Meacham, editor of the Hopkinsville South Kentuckian, since the repudiation of the good old Zeno Young, takes the cake for wit. The following dislocation of one of his eight line locals shows for itself:

"At last there are unmistakable signs of approaching spring."—[3rd of April.

"Leaves are beginning to put out on fruit trees and shrubs."—[Well, where else should they put out?

"Buds to swell and grass to grow greener."—[Oh, hush.

"In the words of Patrick Henry, 'Let it come.' It should have been here three weeks ago."—[Who is running spring business, you or Patrick Henry?

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Central America.

BARILLOS SUCCEEDS THE DEAD BARRIOS.

LA LIBERTAD, VIA GALVESTON, April 10.—News confirmatory of the reported death of President Barrios continues to reach this point. The latest received brings intelligence of the installation of a successor to Barrios, and gives the names of some of the Cabinet officers. The new President is Gen. Manuel Lizandro Barrios, one of the two Vice-Presidents of Designados.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Secretary of State Bayard has received official information from Mr. Hall, American Minister to Central America, that Gen. Barrios, being the constitutional successor, has assumed the duties of President of Guatemala.

THE BURNING OF ASPINWALL.

NEW ORLEANS, April 10.—On the Australian, which arrived in port yesterday direct from Colon, came Mr. Mitchell, of the firm of Rogers & Ballentine, and he speaks regarding the situation on the isthmus. Panama was held by the Government troops against the rebels up to the time of the interference by the United States. Colon was in the hands of the rebels. On March 29 the government forces attacked the rebel Preston at Colon, and all day long the conflict raged fiercely in the streets. The rebels fought from behind barricades and from the houses. At 7 p. m., the flames sprang from the rebel stronghold and were swept over the whole town. The rebels scattered in retreat and the citizens, men, women and children, fled through the storm of bullets and the flames that swept the streets, to safety aboard the ships. The number of slain and burned to death will never be known. The streets were strewn the next day with dead, and charred remains were everywhere to be seen among the ruins.

The loss will not fall short of \$10,000,000 or \$12,000,000. Only three or four shanties in the suburbs of the town were left uninjured. The action of Preston in burning Colon is heartily condemned by Col. Disperi, the commander of the rebel forces about Panama, as that of a common brigand, and he says that if he is captured he will be shot to death. The rebels are now in possession of all the towns in the interior. The Americans are protecting the Panama railroad property and feeding the destitute as best they can. Great uneasiness prevails, as it is believed the rebels will yet gain the upper hand.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Commander Kane telegraphs from Colon to-day as follows:

"Our forces are guarding both ends of transit. Relief trains are running, and much uneasiness exists."

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Senator De Peralta, the minister from Costa Rica, has received a dispatch from the Costa Rica minister at the City of Mexico that says that the Central American troubles are settled.

OSMAN DIGNA'S ARMY OUT OF SUPPLIES.

SUAKIM, April 10.—The followers of Osman Digna are said to be without food. It is reported and generally believed here that they are chiefly subsisting upon the flesh of their camels.

CHINA GROWS GRACIOUS TO FRANCE.

SHANGHAI, April 10.—The Emperor of China has issued a decree reciting that the French having humbly sued for peace, he graciously grants their prayer.

THE ANGLO-RUSSIAN TROUBLE.

LONDON, April 10.—The Standard's enigmatical dispatch of this morning was correct. A great battle has been fought on the Murghab river, on the Afghan frontier, between the Russians and Afghans. The latter were defeated, with a loss of 500 killed. The Russians lost fifty killed and wounded. The Afghan camp fell into the hands of the Russians, with a large quantity of arms, ammunition and naval stores. The victory opened the way for the Russians to advance on Peshawar, the advance Afghan stronghold.

The battle was fought in a driving rain storm, which rendered many muzzles loading arms, carried by both forces, ineffective. The Afghans fought desperately, and bravely opposed step by step the advance of the Russians. Two companies of Afghans defended one position until they were completely annihilated by the deadly artillery fire opened on them by the Russians. The Afghans retreated in perfect order after inflicting severe losses. The Russians were evidently surprised by the stubborn resistance and did not follow up the advantage, being evidently content with the capture of the camp. The British officers present during the fight are loud in their praises of the valor displayed by the Afghans. The officers at once proceeded to the headquarters of Sir Peter Lumsden, the English Commissioner, and made a full report of the fight.

STRAINED RELATIONS.

LONDON, April 10.—A very determined and grave position has been assumed by the English government toward Russia concerning the Penjdeh incident. The ministry, it appears, have been coerced by the aggressiveness of public opinion into a tardy but evidently determined attitude of pugnacity. At first Mr. Gladstone satisfied himself with demanding of Russia an explanation of Gen. Komaroff's attack on the Afghans. He felt sure it is stated that Russia was sincerely desirous of peace and would discontinue the act of commander, no matter how thoroughly he might represent the bellicose

policy of the St. Petersburg war party, but when the czar answered that he would explain to England as soon as Gen. Komaroff explained to him, the British premier was forced to conclude that the czar was trifling to gain time. To-day, therefore, Earl Granville, the British foreign minister, advised Baron De Stael, the Russian ambassador to London, that the British government had decided that whatever the nature of the Russian explanation of General Komaroff's action might be, Great Britain would not allow any further discussion concerning the delimitation of the Afghan frontier to go on until the Russian troops have been withdrawn from their present outposts in the disputed territory back to the position which they occupied all the time. England appointed her part of the commission to adjust the Afghan frontier. As this was nearly a year ago and as almost all of the Russian advance has been made in the interval, it is difficult to believe that Russia will seriously attempt to reach an amicable understanding.

LONDON, April 12: The Daily Telegraph publishes a dispatch from Berlin, which states that Russia refuses to yield an inch of the territory she has acquired on the Afghan frontier, and that the czar intends to express his approval of Gen. Komaroff's action by appointing him commander in chief in Turkestan.

Up to an early hour this morning the government had received no further dispatches from St. Petersburg.

LIVINGSTON SENTINEL: The Hopkinsville South Kentuckian wants to know what the increase of a cow would be in twenty-one years, assuming that she had a calf at the age of three years and every succeeding year until she was twenty-one years old, each calf to be a heifer. Each calf to have a calf at the age of three years and every succeeding year until she is twenty-one and so on. We intend to compete for the prize, but have not time to solve the problem. We will get us a three year old heifer and keep account of the calves. Please put our name on your books as one of the competitors and we will let you know in nineteen years how many cattle we have. If you will make arrangements with Russia and England to postpone their fight until that time we will furnish them with beef at a reduced price.

The overly ambitious Barrios, President of Guatemala, was nipped in the bud. He attempted to gobble up his neighboring republics and constitute himself President of the whole of Central America, but he was killed in the first battle with the Nicaraguan troops, and his army put to flight. The war in Central America, turned out to be a very small affair, of not half as much importance as the rebellion in Canada. The death of Barrios will end the trouble.

The Prince and Princess of Wales are making a tour of Ireland. They have, the dispatches say, been kindly received in the cities where they have visited and at Dublin were greeted with enthusiasm. This may be true but the heart of the Irish people is not in the welcome extended to the man who will some day be their ruler. It may be that the 25,000 English soldiers now in Irish garrisons, control the "enthusiasm" of the down-trodden sons of the Green Isle to a great extent.

Hon. Jefferson Davis has written Gen. Grant a letter of sympathy, and Gen. Grant was much gratified and deeply touched by it. "If," said Mr. Davis, "the prayers and good wishes of those in the South who honor and respect General Grant would avail, he would conquer the dread antagonist with whom he is now contending just as triumphantly as he overcame the antagonists with whom he contended twenty years ago."

While a heavy storm was passing over Washington City one day last week the newly completed Washington Monument was struck three times by lightning. An examination has been made with a powerful telescope. Not the least damage was done, the aluminum tip being as sharp and brilliant as when first completed.

It is said that a young married man and life-long Republican, a store-keeper in the Frankfort Internal Revenue district, was so anxious to retain his position that he wrote to Secretary Manning stating the facts and saying if allowed to retain his office he would now vote the Democratic ticket. The Secretary caused him to be removed at once.

Gen. Lawton is to go to Russia after all. President Cleveland has investigated his case since the Senate adjourned and will renew the appointment. The charge that Gen. Lawton was ineligible on account of war disabilities has been proven untrue.

Capt. C. T. Allen, of Princeton, is an applicant for the Swiss Mission, Ex-Mayor Chas. D. Jacob, of Louisville, wants to be Minister to Austria, and Col. Thos. L. Jones thinks he would make a good Minister to Spain.

Hardin county is rejoicing because she has just liquidated the last of a railroad bonded debt of \$300,000, incurred in 1852. The county is now free from debt with money ahead.

Col. S. C. Mower, one of the editors of the Milwaukee Sunday Telegraph, shot himself in the head last week, with suicidal intent and died two hours later.

Fred W. Clarke is a Democratic candidate for the Legislature, in Daviess county.

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL OF SCOTLAND

ASSETS

\$33,000,000.

H. H. ABERNATHY.

INSURE WITH

Abernathy & Wooldridge

Representing Over \$50,000,000 Insurance Capital.

LOOK WELL TO YOUR COMPANIES BEFORE YOU INSURE!

Farm Property

Insured at Reasonable Rates and satisfactory Adjustment of all Losses Guaranteed.

Traders Insurance Company of Chicago.

ASSETS

\$1,165,378.10.

Northern Insurance Company of London.

ASSETS

\$14,000,000.

R. M. WOOLDRIDGE.

Manufacturers' of Boston.

ASSETS

\$1,088,728.00.

KENTUCKY KNOWLEDGE.

W. B. Chenoweth is in jail at Shelbyville, charged with burning a store at Finchville.

Scott Farley was caught in the machinery of a mill at Maysville and instantly killed.

The Enterprise is the name of a new paper just started at Corydon by Hardwick & King.

Creed Haskins, of Campbellsville, as their candidate for State Treasurer.

In Marion county, Wm. H. Hogland, a cooper, attempted to cross a river in a skiff while drunk, and was drowned.

The Eminence Constitutionalist which was burned out, will appear in hand-bill form until it can get on its feet again.

The Paducah Standard had a drawing and distributed a lot of valuable premiums amongst its subscribers last Wednesday.

Richard Green, an old and respected citizen, suicided at Colesburg, by shooting himself through the head. Cause—financial troubles.

AURAL TESTS.

A Man's Character Indicated by the Shape of His Ears.

A reporter has found a man who claims that ears are the best index of character. He has a large collection of ears to illustrate his views. "Now," he says, "just see how the lot of ear goes down into the cheek; in front there is no lobe to the ear at all. I don't say, mark you, that every one who has an ear of that formation is a thief, but I do say he has the propensities of one, and only needs opportunity or temptation to develop them. You know Jack Sharp said that he could not have been an honest man on five thousand dollars a year, and there are hundreds of people who are only not dishonest because they are so fortunately situated financially as to be beyond the reach of temptation. In some very marked cases, such as in that of the former owner of this ear, which is remarkably typical in formation, even the possession of wealth does not prevent from stealing or cheating. This ear, in its principal characteristics, is almost the counterpart of a pair that are worn by a man of former high standing in the business world, but who is now serving a term in the penitentiary. I used to have occasion to meet this man in business, and was surprised for years to see him retain the confidence of his employers; indeed his apparent trustworthiness almost caused me to doubt the value of my theory. At least I had come to regard him as an exception to the rule, but the event proved my views to be correct. He was detected in an enormous system of theft that had been going on for years. It is only a week or two ago I had occasion to let a contract for building an extensive well, and among the bidders was one who offered to do the work half a dollar a thousand lower than any one else. But when I saw the man his ears told me not to trust him. I know he would have robbed me in some way had he got the contract."

"The establishment of such a theory would raise the price of ear-muffs considerably."

"Yes, or create a demand for false ears, they make very natural-looking ones out of glass now. But see, here's another typical ear."

"You see this thin cartilage, with the roll disappearing in the northeast corner, and the ear itself coming almost to a point, somewhat like a fox's. That is the ear of a keen, unscrupulous, hard-hearted money-lender, one of those chaps who seem to take a positive delight in oppressing the unfortunate and in wringing from them extortionate interest for small accommodations. Some of these ears set well back, like a fox's when it is snarling; they are the worst cases. In others the upper part stands slightly forward; such men are rather shrewd and cunning than cruel, but they are not very pleasant folks at the best. Other of this sort, again, are movable at the will of the owners. These chaps add to their other amiable qualities a quarrelsome disposition that will make them snap and snarl at everything and everybody."

"But about the study of ears, which is the best way to acquire this knowledge?"

"The only way is to select a few noteworthy specimens. Study the ears of some men whose character you are well acquainted with and mark their respective peculiarities. Then compare these men of similar characteristics and see where their strongest resemblances are; the first discovery of a principle for yourself is the only difficulty. It is like the St. Denis miracle, only the first step that has to be accounted for, all the rest is easy."

"Are ladies' ears susceptible of similar interpretation?"

"Certainly! If anyone is about to get married I could tell him whether the woman he is about to wed is likely to agree with him or not. I could save many a divorce, or worse, if the people wanted me. But of course I couldn't have time to do the work, though I have served some of my friends in that way. Oh, you may set it down for a fact that the ear is the true index of character."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

CLEVELAND. C. E. TANDY & CO.

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Groceries, Tobacco, Etc.,

FAIRVIEW, KENTUCKY.

A full line of Drugs, Druggist's Sundries, Stationery, Saps, Perfumery and Fancy Articles, also a choice stock of Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars, Glassware, Tinware, Etc., kept always on hand. Everything new and fresh. Give us a call before making your purchases.

Meck. 20.

C. E. TANDY & CO.

PEDIGREE:

Cleveland is a blood bay, five years old, 16 1/2 hands high, light hind foot white, fine style and action, bred by Geo. W. Vandyke, Abilene, Kan. Nelly Grace, the finest saddle and harness mare ever in this county. Special care to prevent accidents, but no liability assumed should any occur.

Apr. 3-4. W. E. RAGSDALE.

JAS. HARGRAVES' BARBER SHOP

RUSSELLVILLE, ST.

Taylor's New Building.

Where he would be glad to wait upon all who call upon him.

MAMBRINO FOREST

Will stand the present season at my stable in Hopkinsville, Ky., at \$20.00 a season, money due when services are rendered.

PEDIGREE:

Mambrino is a blood bay, 15 1/2 hands high, with white on left hind foot, weighs when fat 1200 pounds, kind disposition, fine style and action. Sired by Darby, (he by Mambrino Patcher, full brother to Lutz Thorpe, record 2:10 1/4, by Mambrino chief, he by Mambrino Paymaster; he by Mambrino, and he by Imp. Messenger. Darby's dam, Pigeon, he by Imp. of Mambrino Chief, dam Sally Woodford by Woodford, (son of the dam of Woodford Mambrino Record, 2:21 1/4, and Woodford's record 2:19 1/4. Good orchard grass pastures with plenty of shade and water at \$1.00. Grain at \$2.00 per week. Special care taken to prevent accident but no liability assumed.

Feb. 27 th. BEN S. WOOD.

NOTICE!

Persons wanting tents or any kind of canvas goods would do well by calling at Forbes & Ross, agricultural store on Main street and leave their orders. A full line of samples is on exhibition at Mr. Geo. Hart's office, tents, awnings for doors and windows of different styles, horse covers, wagon covers, stack and binders, tarpaulins, etc., all goods warranted strictly first-class, and cheaper than you can get elsewhere. Call on or address,

J. J. MITCHELL, Agent.

Mar. 27-31m.

BETHEL Female College.

A Boarding School for Young Ladies.

The spring session was opened on Monday, Jan. 12, 1885, and continues to the 1st of September. Terms as usual. For catalogue or information apply to

J. W. RUST, Hopkinsville.

Z. GILSON, Contractor and Builder, Hopkinsville, - Ky.

I have located in Hopkinsville to engage in the business indicated above, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

Z. GILSON.

TRANSFER AND EXPRESS.

I am now running a transfer wagon in the city, and am ready at all times to haul anything from a trunk to a load of coal. Leave orders at McKee & Co's, M. O. Smith & Co's, or W. E. Long's groceries.

R. W. DELOW, Mar. 17.

SAM HAWKINS & CO.

Have moved their Bar Shop to the ground floor of the

STUART BUILDING ON RUSSELLVILLE STREET, next to the Express office, where they will be glad to see and serve their customers.

WANTED—An active, reliable salesman, well acquainted with the dry goods trade of this section of the State, to sell our line on commission. Must be responsible, give bonds for samples. Address, with references, BRITTON CLO. CO., 19 and 21 White street, New York.

Attention! Attention! Attention!

We furnish Plans, Specifications and Designs of any description of Galvanized Iron Cornice Work, Domes, Windows, Window Caps, Fenials in variety, Balustrades, Cast Iron Crest Railings, Tin, Slate and IRON ROOFING, METALLIC TIN SHINGLES, Etc. Any parties that are in want of work in this line will favor us with a call.

Geo. E. Cooper & Co. NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE. (Mar. 20)

C. W. DUCKER

Fine Carriage Manufacturer,

Corner Virginia and Spring Sts.,

HOPKINSVILLE, - - - KENTUCKY

—MAKES TO ORDER—

Fine Carriages, Rockaways,

BUGGIES, &c., &c.

Rapid Vehicles A Specialty.

SOUTH KY COLLEGE

Hopkinsville, Ky.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

Y begins Monday, January 19th, 1885.

FACULTY:

S. R. Cramer, M. A., President, Prof. of Mathematics, Mechanics and Astronomy. James C. Smith, M. A., Vice-President, Prof. of Philosophy, English and Pedagogics. M. L. Hirschcomb, M. A., Prof. of Latin and Natural Science. Jas. H. Pitts, M. E., Prof. Engineering, Physics, Commerce, and Commandant of Cadets. Frank L. Brown, M. A., Prof. of German Language and Literature. Mrs. Sallie Anderson Galbreath, M. A., Instructor in Greek, French, English and History. Miss Susie Edmunds, B. S., Teacher Preparatory Department. Miss Ella Mason, Principal Music Department. Miss Annie B. Cook, Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music. Miss Maria H. Hamilton, of Cooper Institute N. Y., Teacher Painting, Drawing, etc. Miss Lillie Waller, Assistant in Art and Teacher of Calligraphy. James A. Young, M. D., Lecturer on Anatomy and Physiology. C. H. Bush, Esq., Lecturer on Commercial Law. Mrs. L. F. Gates, Matron.

EXPENSES PER TERM OF 20 WEEKS.

Tuition in Collegiate, Normal and Commercial Departments \$25.00; Preparatory Department \$20.00; Primary Department \$15.00; Board in College \$75.00; Music Lessons—Piano \$5.00; Use of Instrument \$2.00; Vocal Lessons \$25.00; Painting in oil on Canvas, Silk, China or Wood \$20.00; Drawing, Pencil or Crayon \$15.00; No Extra charge for German and French. No incidental fees. Young men can find good board in approved families near the College building, or in the family of Prof. M. L. Lipscomb at \$8 per week. Special attention is called to the Military Department under the management of Capt. Jas. H. Pitts as commandant of cadets. For Catalogues, Announcement or other information, Apply to

OR To JAMES E. SCORRY, VICE-PRESIDENT. S. R. CRUMBAUGH, PRESIDENT, Hopkinsville, Ky.

LOUISVILLE BUGGY COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

All the latest styles of strictly first-class

Carriages, Barouches, Buggies and Phaetons.

We guarantee workmanship and material equal to any factory in the State. All work reliably warranted. Interested parties will consult their interests by inspecting our stock personally before buying. If at a distance, send for catalogue.

Factory & Warehouse 317 & 319 So. Market St., Bet. 3d & 4th, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED.—Ladies and gentlemen to take out a light, elegant employment at their own homes (distance no objection); work made; no traveling. Please address at once: GLOBE MFG. CO., Boston, Mass., Box 544.

STRAY NOTICE.

Taken up as a stray by W. T. O'Brien, living 3 miles east of Lafayette, Christian county, Ky., one white male yearling, about 2 1/2 years old, marked with a swallow fork in the right ear, and a crop of the left. Both ears are red and son's red hair on his fore legs, and supplied by Samuel Hester at fourteen dollars, before given under his hand March 11, 1885.

(Mch. 29.) A. J. FICHA, P. J. L.

SHELBY DUKE.

My thoroughbred bull, Shelby Duke, will make the season at my farm on the Steger's Mill road, at \$3.00.

R. P. OWSLEY.

WANTED—An active, reliable salesman, well acquainted with the dry goods trade of this section of the State, to sell our line on commission. Must be responsible, give bonds for samples. Address, with references, BRITTON CLO. CO., 19 and 21 White street, New York.

TUESDAY, April 14, 1885.

TIME TABLE FOR TRAINS.

DEPART SOUTH—6:45 A. M.; 12:28 P. M.; 6:30 P. M.
DEPART NORTH—2:45 A. M.; 2:55 P. M.; 8:30 P. M.
ARRIVE FROM NORTH—12:35 A. M.; 9:10 P. M.
POST OFFICE—North Main Street.
Open for letters, stamps—7 A. M. to 6 P. M.
" " money orders—6 A. M. to 4 P. M.
" " delivery, Sundays—10 A. M. to 1 P. M.
SOUTHERN EXPRESS OFFICE,
Russellville St.
Open 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.



No more can goods, the city fathers say, upon the public streets and pavements stay. No more can the dry goods men employ The curb-stone rack, or festive dummy boy. No more can the grocery man set out Barrels of potatoes and kegs of sour kraut, Nor can the implement dealer take The side-walk to show his plow or rake. The fruit stands, trunks and boxes, all must go And block the walks and passways nevermore.

SOCIALITIES.

Mr. Park Heaton, formerly clerk at the Cerulean Springs Hotel, is in this city.

Dr. J. L. Walker will leave to-day for the South. He will probably locate in Texas.

Miss Mattie Baker arrived yesterday and is at Bethel Female College on a visit.

Miss Annie Lacy, of Todd county, is visiting her sister, Mr. M. W. Grisam, this week.

Dr. W. H. Hopson and wife and Mr. and Mrs. H. G. O'Neill will leave to-day for New Orleans.

Mr. W. H. Peltan and family left for Owensboro last week, where they will reside in the future.

Mr. Max Solomon, late of Glasgow, Ky., has been engaged as baker by Messrs. Wilson & Galbreath.

Mr. J. W. Bartlett, of Kirkmansville, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Nashville.

Miss Mollie Crumbaugh, of Eddyville, Ky., is visiting the family of Maj. S. R. Crumbaugh.

Rev. Jno. H. Spurlin, of Caldwell county, was in the city yesterday and paid us a pleasant call.

Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Brown left yesterday for Emporia, Kansas, to visit Mr. Brown's brother-in-law, Mr. Jno. W. Linn.

Capt. Sam M. Gaines, of Frankfort, made a flying visit to the city Friday and was warmly welcomed by his hosts of friends.

Mr. M. Lipstine and Esq. J. A. Boyd left yesterday to attend the Grand Lodge, Knights of Honor, at Louisville. The former represents the Lodge here and the latter the Kelly Station Lodge.

OBSTRUCTIONS REMOVED.

No More Goods on the Streets.

The city council has undertaken to enforce the ordinance against putting obstructions of any kind upon the streets and pavements. The ordinance has not been enforced of late years and dealers have fallen into the custom of setting out their goods and wares in front of their stores until some of the streets were almost blocked. The chief of police notified all the business men Saturday that the penalty of a fine of from \$5.00 to \$20.00 a day would hereafter be enforced against all violators of the ordinance. There is a good deal of complaint in consequence and a great deal of dissatisfaction expressed.

A Main street merchant was approached by a SOUTH KENTUCKIAN reporter yesterday on the subject and his language was more forcible than elegant. Said he, "I will lose money by this law and so will all the dealers. It is an outrage upon the business men of the city, who make the city what it is."

Another merchant objected because it looks more like business to see the pavements full of boxes and goods. "Why," said he, "go to any city and you can scarcely get along the principal streets at this season. Just look at our streets and see how dead they appear. One can almost imagine himself in a graveyard."

On the other hand there are merchants who say that it is as fair for one as another and it everybody is prohibited no injustice will be done to any. Be that as it may, the ordinance will be rigidly enforced in the future. It applies to everything from a grindstone to a wagon and from a bunch of bananas to a barrel of salt. The new order of things went into effect yesterday and to-day nothing whatever is to be seen upon the sidewalks in front of the business houses.

GREENVILLE ECHO: On last Saturday night, A. M. Crittenden living in the southern part of the county, about four miles from Kirkmansville, hearing a noise in his crib, took his gun and went to see what it was about. He found a man in his crib helping himself to corn, and the fellow, refusing to stop when asked, he fired upon him, which brought him to a halt. He then found that there were two of them. Jerry Justice and Henry Bryant. Upon finding that there were two of them, Mr. Crittenden returned to the house to get his rifle, but on his return Bryant had taken leg ball, and he did not get him, but Justice he found was badly wounded that he could not get away. We learn that his wounds are severe, though not serious.

An Italian string band is doing the town.

HERE AND THERE.

Howe's sun time is the city standard. Dance at the Rink to-night.

Every body go to Howe's jewelry palace.

We handle all kinds of paper bags and flour sacks.

A young jersey cow with calf for sale. Apply at this office.

Polk Cansler has some extra fine mules for sale at his stable.

As a jeweler and optician M. D. Kelly has the largest practical experience.

Howe, our leading jeweler, is "booming" up the watch trade, see his new goods.

Peach trees are trying their best to bloom, but the appendix to winter is holding them back.

Judge J. I. Landes will go down to Cadiz Thursday to whip up the H. & C. railroad project.

Lizzie Evans, "The little electric battery" will play at the Opera House Monday evening April 20.

Anyone desiring a home-made or Eastern buggy or barouche can secure a bargain by calling at this office.

A large party of colored people—probably fifty or more—left last Saturday on the afternoon train for Kansas, where they will settle.

The meeting at the Methodist church is progressing with increasing interest. There have been several confessions and a number of additions to the church. The meeting will continue throughout the week.

Wiley Hutchinson who was shot by Henry Martin, on the 5th inst., is still alive but in a hopeless condition. He is partially paralyzed, is gradually growing weaker and his physician says death is inevitable within the next few days.

Rev. M. May having accepted a call from a church at Hopkinsville, will preach his last sermon at this place, next Sunday. He urges all the members of the church to be present, while as usual, the public is invited—Braunburg News.

Cole's circus, which will be in central Kentucky next month, will not come down this way. The only circus that will be likely to visit Hopkinsville this season is that of S. H. Barrett & Co. It is coming into this State next month.

The dedication of the new Baptist church at Pembroke next Sunday will be largely attended. The Pembroke people invite the public from far and near and will have dinner for all. Dr. T. T. Eaton will preach the dedicatory sermon.

Four "Young Americans" who ran away Sunday to go to the New Orleans Exposition, returned yesterday afternoon. They were stopped at Guthrie by an order from their parents. They were all small boys of twelve or fifteen years of age.

The Telephone says the drug stores of F. G. Terry and W. N. Brandon, of Cadiz, were burglarized one night last week. One was entered by cutting a hole in the door and the other by removing a pane of glass. Some whisky and the little money left in the cash drawers was all that was missed.

Mr. H. G. O'Neill, the patentee of "O'Neill's Incandescent Platinum Lamp" was in the city last week and sold the state rights for Kentucky and Texas. He went south yesterday and will go from New Orleans to the Pacific States in a few weeks. Mr. O'Neill's friends here will be glad to know that he is making a fortune out of his patent.

The proprietors of the South Kentuckian have purchased from Mr. R. H. Holland a building lot on Nashville street, adjoining the Hord building on the west side. The lot is 32½ feet front and 100 feet in depth. They will erect a substantial two-story brick building upon it during the summer and have it ready for their occupancy by fall.

Messrs. J. R. Blakey and Anderson Stewart, of Cerulean Springs, were in the city yesterday looking after a new saw-mill they have purchased. They found it had arrived and they will come back for it to-morrow. Together with Mr. Geo. Hankley they will start the mill at John Smith's, near Bainbridge, within the next ten days, and operate it this season under the firm-name of Blakeley, Stewart & Hankley. It is a 16-horse power, and one of the best made.

Prof. Anderson, the "Wizard of the North," gave three performances at the Opera House last week. A novel feature of his entertainments was the giving away of valuable presents by lot to those who attended. On Friday evening the capital prize, a set of furniture, was drawn by Minor Metcalfe and on Saturday evening Mr. H. E. Wiley drew a handsome chamber set; a large number of smaller prizes were distributed each evening. The show is one of the best of the kind we have ever seen.

Since our last writing, the black winged angel of death has invaded three families of this community, snatching from the arms of loving parents their precious little ones. The first called upon to surrender their almost idolized babies were Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Owen, whose little girl died very suddenly; and Mrs. Willie Rickman is heart broken over the loss of her two little daughters. Their deaths occurred the same week. Mrs. E. R. Cullom also lost a lovely little daughter from diphtheria, which has prevailed to an alarming extent in this vicinity—Bellevue cor. Telephone.

A FIGHT FOR LIFE.

REUB BAILEY, A TODD COUNTY FARMER, HAS A DESPERATE ENCOUNTER WITH A MAD-DOG, AND IS BITTEN BY THE ANIMAL.

For several days there has been a genuine scare in portions of Todd county on account of mad-dogs. Until last Saturday nobody had been bitten by any of them, though several dogs had been killed. Saturday morning Mr. Reub Bailey, a young farmer living three miles from Elkton, on the E. & G. railroad, went out to his stable soon after light and was attacked by a ferocious mad-dog, which rushed upon him, frothing at the mouth. The dog grabbed him by the leg but fortunately he had on a boot and its teeth merely scraped the flesh without abrading the cuticle. Mr. Bailey began at once to kick the dog off but it returned again and again, making fierce and determined efforts to reach the young man's throat. At last by a well-directed kick he managed the dog and taking it by the legs beat it against the ground and left it for lifeless. In the fight Mr. Bailey was bitten on the thumb. He at once went to the house, killed a chicken and applied the warm flesh to the wound and sent for a doctor. The doctor gave him some medicine but advised him to go to Nashville to get a mad-stone applied. At Guthrie Mr. Bailey and his wife met Mr. S. E. Chastain, of this city, who informed them that Mr. Twyman, of this place, had one and they came down Saturday night and had it applied to the wound. The poisoned flesh had been previously cut out and cauterized, but Mr. Bailey was determined to take every precaution that medical science could suggest. He will live in an agony of fear until the period of danger is passed. The dog which he left for dead, afterwards came to life and escaped and is still at large.

DIED WITH HIS BOOTS ON.

Granville Johnson Resists Arrest, Shoots an Officer and is Himself Killed Near White Plains. Another Chapter in the Long Record of Homicides.

The regular weekly killing for Christian county, occurred last Friday at Winfield Johnson's, near White Plains, in Wilson District. Granville Johnson, col., was killed by a man named Hewlett, who was assisting Marshal Bourland of Earlinton to arrest Johnson. The latter was wanted at Nortonville, in Hopkins county, for some violation of the liquor selling law and Bourland was sent with a warrant for his arrest and summoned Hewlett to assist him. They found Johnson in this county, as stated above, but he refused to be arrested and opened fire on Bourland, whom he shot in the leg. Bourland fell and the negro jumped on him and had him down when Hewlett interfered and shot Johnson through the head, from which he died in a few minutes. He was a very bad character from what we can learn and the officers acted in the line of duty in killing him. Hewlett, we understand was to stand his trial at Crofton yesterday. Marshal Bourland's wound was not of a serious character.

Sinking Fork Jettings.

Sinking Fork, April 13, '85.
EDITOR SOUTH KENTUCKIAN:

Most all of the farmers have sold their tobacco to loose buyers. Two of the convicts that escaped from Dawson passed up through this place last week, riding two of Mr. Morris' mules which they rode as far as Sinking Fork bridge and there pulled off the saddles and bridles and left them standing in the road. It is supposed that the same men took two of Mr. Jas. Smith's fine mares the night after and rode them most to death. Both the mares and mules were recovered by their owners.

Sinking Fork is a thriving little place now looking out for the Railroad which is supposed to make a junction here in running by here from Hopkinsville to Terry's coal mines and Cadiz.

There was a Sunday school organized of Mr. Era last Sunday, only a few being present. We hope there will be large crowds hereafter.

'Tis hoped that Sunday school will be re-organized at Pisgah this year and have the success of the former.

Miss Hallie Wright is visiting her brother and family in your town.

Mr. B. F. Hiser has bought a great deal of tobacco this year and it is hoped that he may make a handsome profit this year. He has prized about 35 bbls. which he estimates at about one-third of what he has bought.

Mr. T. G. Hiser, of your town, visited his parents on Sunday the 5th.

WILD BILL.

DIED.

BUCKNER: At the residence of her mother in this city, Friday, Apr. 10, Miss Katie S. Buckner, after a painful illness of several weeks' duration. The deceased was a young lady of many estimable traits of character and endearing qualities. She was a sister of Mr. Livingston Buckner, of this city. The funeral was preached Saturday afternoon and the remains interred in the city cemetery. A long procession of sorrowing friends followed them to the grave.

Tribute of Respect.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God, in His infinite wisdom, to take from us our beloved brother, Capt. Thos. Smith, who departed this life April 1st, 1885, in Florida; therefore be it

Resolved, That by his death the Masonic Fraternity has lost one of its most useful members, the community an upright citizen.

Resolved, That our sorrow and sadness are largely removed by the well founded fact that his last were his best days—he has been removed from this world of pain and grief to one brighter and eternal.

Resolved, That we wear the usual badge of mourning for 30 days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be placed on our records. A copy sent to the family of the deceased, and that they be published in the Hopkinsville papers.

J. MORRISON,
E. J. MURPHY, } Com.
M. G. MILLER }

KENTUCKY PROGRESS.

The State Ford Coal Co., has been organized at Kuttawa, Ky., to mine coal.

C. Dishman, Sharpe, Ky., (P. O. at Oakland,) previously reported as intending to build a flour mill, will shortly commence work on it.

The Picket Wire Fence Co., capital \$10,000, has been organized at Covington, Ky., with Henry J. Welling, president, to manufacture wire fences.

Geo. W. Thompson, Carrollton, Ky., has commenced work on his new flour mill.

The Ludlow Telephone Co., capital \$200,000, has been organized in Newport, Ky., by F. C. Ludlow, Henry Riche and Charles F. Eischenhardt, to manufacture, rent and sell telephones. Stock to be fully paid up.

Geo. Yountsey, Henry Higgin, and Ernest Rothlesberger, Newport, Ky., have organized the Standard Carriage Goods Co., capital \$40,000, to be fully paid up, to manufacture carriage goods.

NEW PATENTS, APRIL 7, 1885

Compiled from the Official Records of the United States Patent Office, expressly for the SOUTH KENTUCKIAN by Shipley Brashear, Patent Attorney, Solicitor and expert, No. 27 E. Street, N. W. Washington D. C., of whom copies and information may be had.

MARYLAND—B. F. Kenly, Baltimore, Duck shooting blind; F. W. McAllister, Baltimore, Eyeglasses; P. O'Connor, Mount Savage, Canal boat propeller; H. Perlick, Baltimore, Fumigator; C. R. Walter and J. E. Blackburn, Fredericktown, Whiffletree; C. C. Wright, Elkton, Thill coupling.

VIRGINIA—T. S. West, Alexandria, Paper box.

WEST VIRGINIA—J. Fuller, Huntington, Car coupling; J. C. Williams, Auburn, Fire place.

SOUTH CAROLINA—L. A. McCord, Clinton, Rein holder.

FLORIDA—G. W. Robinson, Melview, Log turner.

MISSISSIPPI—Wm. Bell, Verona, Railway gate and means for preventing injury to stock on railways; J. W. Massey, Shuqualak, Power jack.

KENTUCKY—Wm. H. Dillon, Glasgow, Pump; H. R. Wolfe, Louisville, Saw sawage.

Cansler's Stock Sale.

Nine head of horses and mules were sold at Cansler's stable in this city last Saturday, as follows:

Small plug mule,	\$ 45 00
Gray harness horse, very old,	30 00
Gray harness horse, very old,	30 00
Bay saddle and harness horse,	125 00
Large gray mule,	105 00
Medium sorrel mule, lame,	60 00
Medium mule, aged,	67 00
Brown colt, 2 yrs. old past,	101 00
Brown horse, good age, 1 eye,	100 00

There was other stock offered but bidding was dull and the property was taken in. Next sale, Saturday, April 25th.

POLK CANSLER, Manager,
Jno. C. Day, Auctioneer.

Two lots of movers passed through the city last week. One lot seemed to be a single family and they were a very forlorn looking set. Their faces were turned towards the rising sun and three young women carrying long rifles walked behind the wagon while the men drove the team and led a pair of bony mules. They were clothed in rags and tatters and looked over worse than common tramps.

The other emigrants were in six covered wagons and were going west. They had good stock and were well fixed for moving. They did not stop in the city, but passed out the Princeton road late Saturday afternoon.

Twenty-one years ago, the mother of Mr. A. D. Newland died and was buried in the old family graveyard. Desiring to have the body placed in Buffalo Springs Cemetery, Mr. Newland had it disinterred Tuesday, when it was found that it had turned to stone. Those who saw it state that the face, save that it had changed to a brownish hue, was almost life-like in its naturalness. The features were good and even the hair on the face could be plainly seen. The hands were perfect and had not changed color. The case was a metallic one and inside the lining appeared fresh and clean. The grave clothes were all in good state of preservation and the ribbons and laces looked like they had just been placed there. An effort to get Mr. Newland to place the remains in the vault proved unavailing and so fearful was he that they would be sought by scientific men, that he placed huge stones on the coffin and rammed the earth around with heavy mauls. The case was very heavy, requiring seven men to handle it.—Interior Journal.

City Ordinance.

"All City property on which taxes are not paid by the 15th of April, shall be advertised for sale."

C. C. Hardwick, of Dixon, had his safe robbed of \$2,000 on the night of the 9th, by "two gentlemen of leisure who were traveling to see the country."

The following appears in the Litchfield Sunbeam:

WANTED—A wife; desire a blonde; must be good looking; picture must be sent with first letter. Address, J. B. Dawson, Lebanon Junction, Ky.

Hopkinsville Retail Market

Corrected weekly by McKee & Co.

Flour—Market process, \$5.50; choice XXX best family \$5.60.

CORN MEAL—Unbolted, 50c; Pearl, or bolted \$1.10.

BEAN—75c per cwt.

PROVISIONS.

Pork—8 to 10c per lb; 10c gross.

Bacon—Clear sides, 11 to 12c; hams, 10 to 12c; sugar cured, 11c; shoulders, 10 to 11c.

Lard—Country, 10 to 11c; snowflake, 10c.

GROCERIES.

Coffee—Choice, 15 to 16c; prime, 12c to 15c.

Sugar—Standard granulated, 7c to 8c; powdered, 11c to 12c; coffee A, 7c to 8c; rural C, 6c to 7c; extra C, 5 to 7c; New Orleans, 6c.

Molasses—35 to 75c.

Syrups—45 to 50c; kegs, 1.75 to 2.00.

Salt—7-bushel barrels, \$2.10; 5-bushel, \$1.50.

Soup—Per box, White Russian, \$3.75; Blue India, \$3.25; Irish, \$2.50; S. B. \$3.00.

150c; 2-lb, lightweight, \$1.00.

Oysters—Per dozen, 1-lb cans, full weight \$1.15; 2-lb, full weight, \$2.10; 1-lb, light weight; Sardines—½ boxes, 25c; French, 35c; ½ boxes, 10c; French, 25c; ½ boxes, Mustard, 10c to 20c.

Salt—200 lb. 25c additional small sizes soda 5 to 10c.

Candles—18 to 20c.

Coal oil 12 to 20c; Turpentine 50c.

CANNED GOODS.

Corn, do, \$1.25 to 1.50; Tomatoes 1.00 to 1.25.

Pine Apples 2.00 to 4.50; Peas 1.50; Strawberries 1.50; Blackberries 1.50 Peaches 2.00 to 2.50.

 Pickles, per gal. 50. | || Cheese—Factory 12c to 15c; Young American 18 to 20c; N. Y. Cheddar 17c to 20c. | |
Rice—7½ to 8½c.	
Lemons 25c per doz.	
Oranges 50c per doz.	
Tea—Choice to Fancy 65c to 1.00; Mixed to good 50 to 75c.	
Chewing Tobacco—Greenview 37 to 50c; Gravelly 50 to 70c; Stonewall 40 to 50c; Havana Clippings for smoking 85c to 10c per package.	
COUNTRY PRODUCE.	
Blackberry Pie \$2.00 to 2.25	
Potatoes—Irish 75c; N. Y. State Early Rose 5.00 bbl., 1.50 bu.	
Eggs 15c.	
WHISKEY.	
Nelson County Bourbon 2.50 gal.; Anderson County Bourbon 3.00; Monarch Davies 2.25; Tennessee—Woodson's make, Sour Mash 1.6 2.50; Brown's Robertson County 1.50 to 2.50.	

SPECIAL LOCALS.

Just Received

At GAITHER'S Drug Store, a fresh supply of Concentrated

Dawson Water.

Public Sale of Lots!

At the town of Merritt, Christian county, Ky., Thursday, April 23, 1885, a limited number of business and residence lots will be sold at public outcry on that day. Parties wishing to buy at private sale can do so by applying to C. W. Crenshaw, at Merritt, or W. S. Gordon, Clarksville, Tenn., or to the undersigned at Decatur, Ala. Merritt is located at the point where the I. & T. R. R. crosses the Hopkinsville and Clarksville turnpike, at this point a large town will doubtless be built, as it is located both on the pike and new railroad about equi-distant between Clarksville and Hopkinsville, and surrounded by one of the best agricultural regions in Kentucky.

C. C. Harris,
DECATUR, ALA.

Liquid Dawson Salts

For sale by J. R. Armistead. Price 25 and 50 cts. per bottle.

LOOK HERE!

I can and will sell Monumental Work cheaper than any house in this section of country. Come and be convinced.

ANDREW HALL.

We offer our splendid lot of

Meerscham Pipes

at COST for 10 days.

Holland & Rodgers.

We have an elegant line of Dress goods in all the new Fabrics and colors with trimmings to match at prices so low they will astonish you.

M. Frankel & Sons.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS is not an intoxicating beverage, but a pleasant, mild laxative and efficient Tonic, acting directly on the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels. Mar.-27-1m.

Residence For Sale,

On Russellville St., and Lot on South Main. Apply to Mrs. Jas. A. Wallace or Walter Garnett.

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

I am now running a saw-mill in Mrs. Ship's grove, one mile north-west of the city, and can furnish all kinds of

ROUGH LUMBER

On short notice, in large or small quantities.

Mar.-18-1m.

L. W. MEANS.

ALL OUT FOR

M. LIPSTINE'S

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM,

ON NASHVILLE STREET,

Where you will find the Largest, Most Complete and Handsome stock of

Dry Goods, Spring Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats,

Notions, Ladies' Dress Goods and Trimmings

TO MATCH,

ever brought to Hopkinsville, Ky., and guaranteed at prices lower than any house in the city. I am receiving my

SPRING STOCK,

and for beauty, quality and cheapness, my selection of goods have never been excelled. Having bought for spot cash I secured bargains never before offered. Don't purchase until you see my stock.

Respectfully,

M. LIPSTINE.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

This Department is under the skillful supervision of MRS. CARRIE HART and MISS CLARA PRATT, and they offer the largest and most complete stock of Millinery Goods ever brought to this city. Their

SPRING HATS and BONNETS

are of the very latest styles, and trimmed to suit the customer's taste. All the ladies are especially invited to call and examine their stock. Remember the place,

NASHVILLE STREET UNDER SOUTH KENTUCKIAN OFFICE.

S. G. BUCKNER.

JOS. C. WOOLDRIDGE.

Buckner & Wooldridge,

